







### CHALLENGE SERIES



## BEATEN PATH 4531

This 41 foot pattern is much like the MIDDLE ROAD but two feet longer. Because of this added length, the options of attack will be a little more limited and the pattern will usually play where the most worn or highest friction part of the lane surface is. The players who excel in reading the lanes will easily find the BEATEN PATH and make this pattern look relatively easy. If you veer too far off the BEATEN PATH, it will play more difficult.

#### **Latitude Ratio Coordinates**

22' 4.5 to 1 39' 3.1 to 1

### **Longitude Ratio Coordinates**

Outside Taper 3.6 to 1 Inside Taper 3.3 to 1

### **Pattern Distance**

41 Feet

#### **Pattern Volume**

Forward 12.05 mL Reverse 12.20 mL Total 24.25 mL



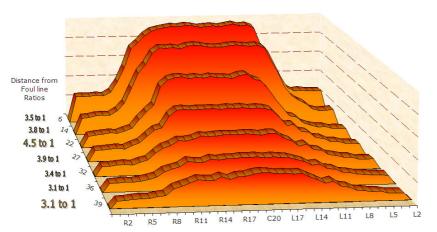
## **CHALLENGE SERIES**



## BEATEN PATH 4541

#### **Latitude Ratio Coordinates**

22' 4.5 to 1 39' 3.1 to 1



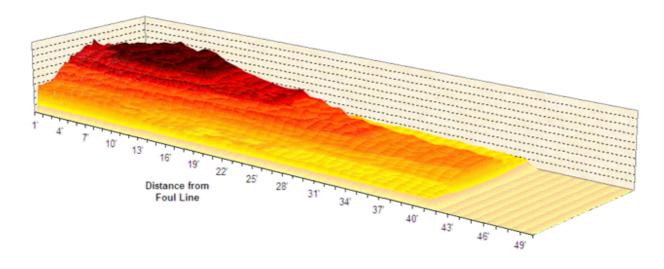
The 2D chart on the left was generated by Lane Monitor showing select tapes and ratios at key distances throughout the pattern. USBC Sport Bowling ratios are calculated at 22' and 2' before the end of the pattern. All Latitude Ratio Coordinates are calculated from these two distances.

Latitude ratios in the last half of the pattern can be an indicator of the difficulty of a pattern. Generally, the lower the ratios down lane, the more difficult the pattern.

### **Longitude Ratio Coordinates**

Outside Taper 3.6 to 1 Inside Taper 3.3 to 1

The 3D chart below was generated by taking tapes every foot of the pattern. This gives a visual of how the conditioner tapers off from the front to the end of the pattern.





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## BEATEN PATH 4541

### **Kegel Sanction Technology™ Lane Machine Settings**

Oil per Board (Pump Setting): 50 μL

Pattern Distance: 41 feet

Forward Settings									
Screen #	Left End of Stream	Right End of Stream	# Loads or Streams	Travel Speed (in/sec)	Beginning Distance of Load (feet)	Ending Distance of Load (feet)	# Boards Crossed per Load	Total Boards Crossed	Total Volume of Oil (µL)
01F	2	2	2	10.00	0.00	1.40	37	74	3700
02F	8	8	1	14.00	1.40	3.30	25	25	1250
03F	10	9	2	14.00	3.30	7.20	22	44	2200
04F	12	10	3	14.00	7.20	13.10	19	57	2850
05F	14	12	2	14.00	13.10	17.00	15	30	1500
06F	16	14	1	18.00	17.00	19.50	11	11	550
07F	2	2	0	18.00	19.50	27.00			
08F	2	2	0	22.00	27.00	34.00			
09F	2	2	0	26.00	34.00	41.00			
Forward Buff Screens: 3 Forward # Boards Crossed   Volume mL								241	12.05
Reverse Settings									
Screen #	Left End of Stream	Right End of Stream	# Loads or Streams	Travel Speed (in/sec)	Beginning Distance of Load (feet)	Ending Distance of Load (feet)	# Boards Crossed per Load	Total Boards Crossed	Total Volume of Oil (µL)
01R	2	2	0	30.00		32.00			
02R	15	13	1	22.00	32.00	28.90	13	13	650
03R	13	12	2	18.00	28.90	23.80	16	32	1600
04R	11	11	2	18.00	23.80	18.70	19	38	1900
05R	9	9	1	18.00	18.70	16.20	23	23	1150
06R	7	7	1	14.00	16.20	14.30	27	27	1350
07R	2	2	3	14.00	14.30	8.40	37	111	5550
08R	2	2	0	14.00	8.40	0.00			
09R									
Reverse # Boards Crossed   Volume mL								244	12.20
Forward plus Reverse Boards Crossed   Volume mL							ıme mL	485	24.25





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### **BEATEN PATH** 4541

Forward Oil

Reverse Oil

**Buff Area** 

The charts on this page are generated by Kegel's KOSI software from the lane machine program sheet.

The **OVERHEAD CHART** on the right shows where the conditioner is applied on both the forward and reverse screens. The gradient area is a calculation of how the conditioner might bleed off the buffer brush.

The **COMPOSITE GRAPH** below shows the total amount of conditioner applied to every board. A good way to think about this graph is to envision all the conditioner on the lane being pushed back to the foul line. Once all the conditioner is stacked up, this is what it would look like.



